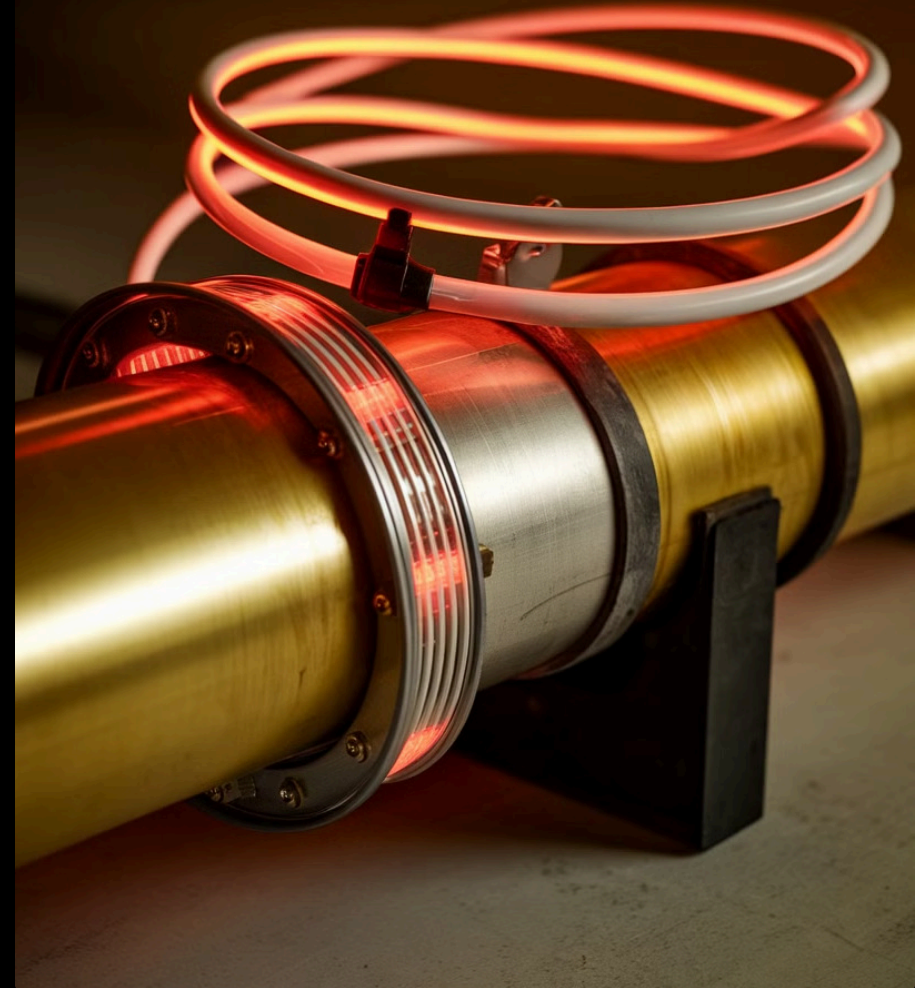


# Heating Cable Implementation in Dairy Manufacturing



# Overview

This case study examines the implementation of heating cables in a major dairy manufacturing plant located in the Midwest, USA. The project, spanning 9 months from January to September, aimed to ensure continuous and efficient processing in critical areas subject to low temperatures. The primary objectives were to prevent pipe freeze-ups and maintain consistent temperature control in fluid transport lines, thereby safeguarding the quality and safety of dairy products.



# Background and Challenges

In dairy manufacturing, consistent temperature regulation is essential across various processing stages. From raw milk receiving to final product packaging, even slight temperature fluctuations can lead to increased viscosity, potential pipe blockages, or spoilage. The Midwest-based dairy manufacturing plant experiences harsh winters, with ambient temperatures often plummeting below freezing. This scenario created significant challenges for maintaining optimal temperatures in exposed areas of the plant, leading to unplanned shutdowns, product waste, and increased maintenance costs.

To address these issues, the plant opted to implement heating cables across key areas within its processing and storage units, particularly in pipework carrying milk, cream, whey, and other sensitive dairy products.

## 1 Temperature Control

Maintaining a stable temperature within pipes to prevent fluid coagulation or freezing, especially in areas exposed to outdoor conditions.

## 2 Energy Efficiency

Minimizing energy costs while providing continuous heat during cold months.

## 3 Compliance with Dairy Safety Standards

Ensuring heating cable materials and designs were safe for use in a food manufacturing environment, compliant with local and federal health regulations.

## 4 Maintenance Costs

Reducing the frequency of pipe repairs, which were affected by expansion and contraction from temperature variations.

# Solution Design and Implementation

1

## Strategic Installation of Heating Cables

The project involved installing self-regulating heating cables along approximately 10,000 linear feet of piping, primarily in fluid transport and exposed processing areas. The self-regulating feature allowed the cables to adjust their heat output according to the surrounding temperature, providing sufficient heat when needed and conserving energy when not required.

2

## Temperature Monitoring Systems

Alongside heating cables, the plant installed real-time temperature sensors and a centralized monitoring system. This system allowed maintenance staff to monitor and adjust temperatures across different areas of the plant remotely, providing real-time alerts if temperatures deviated from preset thresholds.

3

## Insulation Upgrades

To enhance efficiency, the plant also invested in upgraded pipe insulation. The combination of insulation and heating cables reduced the overall energy demand by approximately 25%, as less heat escaped through piping.

4

## Safety and Compliance Measures

Heating cables and installation procedures complied with food-grade standards, ensuring no direct or indirect contact with dairy products. Additionally, the installation was scheduled during non-peak hours to prevent disruptions to the plant's operations.

# Outcomes

| Metric                            | Pre-Implementation | Post-Implementation | Improvement (%) |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Unplanned Downtime<br>(hrs/month) | 12 hours           | 2 hours             | 83%             |
| Maintenance Costs                 | \$20,000/month     | \$8,500/month       | 57%             |
| Energy Consumption<br>(kWh/month) | 40,000 kWh         | 30,000 kWh          | 25%             |
| Product Waste                     | 800 lbs/month      | 150 lbs/month       | 81%             |



# Key Benefits: Enhanced Operational Efficiency

By mitigating pipe freeze and product coagulation risks, the plant significantly reduced the occurrence of unplanned downtime. This improvement saved the company an estimated \$150,000 annually in reduced downtime and product waste costs.



# Key Benefits: Energy Savings, Reduced Maintenance & Product Quality

1

## Energy Savings

The combination of self-regulating heating cables and improved insulation led to a 25% reduction in energy consumption, equating to approximately \$40,000 in annual savings.

2

## Reduced Maintenance

With heating cables minimizing pipe stress and reducing freeze-thaw cycles, the plant saw a 57% decrease in maintenance costs, enhancing asset lifespan and cutting repair expenses.

3

## Product Quality & Safety

The consistent temperature maintained by the heating cables ensured that dairy products remained within safe temperature ranges, preserving quality and reducing waste by over 80%.

# Conclusion

The strategic implementation of heating cables in this dairy manufacturing plant addressed key temperature control challenges, enhancing efficiency and cost-effectiveness. The project's success illustrates the effectiveness of heating cables in maintaining production integrity in cold environments and highlights the considerable operational and financial benefits for food manufacturing facilities.

By investing in this heating solution, the plant achieved better quality control, reduced waste, and improved overall profitability. This case study provides a model for similar dairy and food manufacturing facilities facing temperature regulation challenges in cold climates.



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